CHAPTER 5, ADULT CUSTODY AND SECURITY OPERATIONS

Article 42, Visiting

Revised May 1, 2003 Updated May 10, 2010

[Sections 54020.1 through 54020.13 are unchanged]

54020.13.1 Contraband/Metal Detection Devices

Revised January 10, 2014

All visitors shall be processed into the security area through a contraband/metal detection device and/or a hand-held wand metal detector device. Visitors shall have property in their possession searched prior to being allowed entry into the institution/facility. Visitors shall remove all items from their pockets and remove jackets, belts, shoes, etc. These items shall be placed in a designated area for inspection by the visitor processing center staff.

Additional screening will occur when an individual sets off the alarm of the metal detector, an individual is selected for additional screening, or an individual has provided documentation to substantiate a condition that precludes successful screening by metal detector. Additional screening may include a hand-held wand inspection in conjunction with a clothed body search of the visitor's body (including the torso), a clothed body search alone, or an unclothed body search.

When additional screening is required, visitors should let staff know of any personal needs or concerns they may have due to religious or cultural considerations, disability, or other medical concern. Additional searches will be conducted by staff of the same gender as the visitor.

Staff shall use a hand-held wand inspection to identify what may have set off the alarm on the walk-through metal detector or to confirm an alarm present during the initial screening. During the wanding procedure the visitor shall be asked to stand with feet and legs apart and arms out to the side while the staff member passes the wand in close proximity to all areas of the visitor's body.

A visitor who fails to clear any contraband/metal detection device may be subject to a clothed or unclothed body search prior to beginning a visit.

Before the clothed or unclothed search is conducted, authorization and visitor consent shall be obtained in accordance with this Article.

54020.13.2 Clothed Searches of Visitors

Revised January 10, 2014

Staff may conduct a clothed body search and use a variety of detection devices when the visitor fails to clear any contraband/metal detection device, or information has been obtained indicating that a visitor is in possession of contraband as described in DOM Chapter 5, Article 20. To ensure security, a clothed body search may be used in conjunction with the hand-held wand inspection. A clothed body search may also be performed as a stand-alone procedure, when appropriate, or to resolve alarms set off during an inspection by a metal detector. A clothed body search may include touching sensitive areas of the body.

Visiting staff of the same sex as the visitor shall conduct authorized clothed body searches.

In emergency situations, custody staff of either sex may conduct a clothed body search.

Removal of outer garments, heavy clothing, and possibly shoes may be requested to complete the security search.

Discretion shall be exercised when issuing instructions to persons being searched.

Clothed body searches may be conducted on reasonable suspicion that the visitor is carrying contraband.

54020.13.3 Unclothed Searches of Visitors

Revised January 10, 2014

Staff may conduct an unclothed visual body search and use a variety of detection devices to conduct a more intensive security search of the visitor's person when the visitor fails to clear any contraband/metal detection device, or information is obtained that a visitor is in possession of contraband as described in DOM Chapter 5, Article 20. An unclothed body search is a security procedure that involves visual inspection of a person's body with all of their clothing removed and a thorough inspection of the person's clothing for the purpose of detecting contraband. This procedure may be conducted with the visitor's consent when there is a reasonable suspicion that the visitor is carrying contraband and when no less intrusive means are available to conduct the search.

Unclothed searches are especially appropriate when clothed searches prove inconclusive and the presence of contraband remains a reasonable suspicion.

Unclothed body searches shall be accomplished in accordance with the following provisions and recorded on a CDC Form 888, Notice of Request to Search.

Visiting staff of the same sex as the visitor shall conduct authorized unclothed body searches. The search shall be conducted in a private setting, in a dignified manner, and by at least two staff members. Unclothed body searches may be done on probable cause.

Consistent with their duties or classification, a licensed physician and/or nurse of the same gender shall be present to observe and assist in searches when an unclothed body search is required of visitors having a medical implant, prosthetic device, wheelchair, or assistive device(s).

Discretion shall be exercised when issuing instructions to persons being searched.

If staff identifies what appears to be contraband in a body cavity and the visitor refuses to remove the suspected contraband from the body cavity, the visitor shall be detained and referred to the local law enforcement agency.

When probable cause exists that a visitor has concealed contraband in a body cavity; local law enforcement shall be summoned. CDCR staff shall not perform any body cavity searches of visitors.

A copy of the CDC Form 888 excluding confidential information shall be given to the visitor.

[Sections 54020.14 through 54020.19 are unchanged]

54020.20 Visitor Basic Dress Standards

Revised January 10, 2014

Visitors shall remain fully clothed when visiting. Appropriate attire includes undergarments; a dress or blouse/shirt with skirt/pants or shorts; and shoes or sandals.

Visitors over 36" tall shall adhere to the following dress standards.

- Shoes or sandals shall be worn at all times. Shower shoes and bedroom slippers will not be allowed.
- Buttons, snaps, and zippers shall remain fastened.

- Undergarments shall be worn beneath translucent clothing, under all circumstances.
- For security reasons, no brassiere will have metal underwire.
- All shorts and skirts, including slits in the garment, shall not expose more than two inches above the knee when standing.

Prohibited Attire:

Prohibited attire consists of, but is not limited to, the following:

- Clothing that resembles state-issued inmate clothing worn to visiting (e.g., blue denim or blue chambray shirts and blue denim pants, reception center attire).
- Clothing that resembles law enforcement or military-type clothing, including raingear, when not legitimately worn by an individual on active duty or in an official capacity.

Clothing that:

- Exposes the breast/chest area, genitals, or buttocks.
- By design, manner worn, or due to the absence of, allows the anatomical detail of body parts or midriff to be clearly viewed.
- Are shear or transparent or excessively tight.
- Attire or accessories displaying obscene/offensive language, drawings, or objects.
- Head coverings, readily removable hair pieces, or gloves, with the exception of clear see-through rain gear for inclement weather.
- Any other clothing, garment, or accessory that when compared to the expressly specified standards above would warrant disapproval.

Exceptions:

Hats, wigs, gloves, religious veils, or hairpieces are permitted with the prior written approval of the institution head or designee.

- Approval shall be based on verification of the visitor's necessity to wear the hat, wig, gloves, or hairpiece.
- Approval of hats and gloves shall be based on weather conditions at the institution/facility.
- Approved hats, wigs, gloves, religious veils, or hairpieces shall be inspected by visiting staff prior to the visit.

[Sections 54020.21 through 54020.37 are unchanged]